

**Oncology**

- Approach to the Patient with a Breast Mass or Abnormal Mammogram
- Blood Products and Growth Factors in Patients with Cancer
- Breast Cancer
- Cancer Pain
- Cancer Prevention and Control
- Cancers of Female Genitourinary Tract
- Cancers of Unknown Primary Sites
- Cervical Cancer
- Colorectal Cancer (Cancers of the Colon, Rectum, and Anus)
- Common Cancers of the Digestive Tract
- Depression-Related Problems in Cancer Patients
- Esophageal Cancer
- Gastrointestinal Complications of Cancer
- Head and Neck Cancer
- Hospice Care for Patients with Cancer
- Malignant Effusions
- Metastatic Cancer
- Oncologic Emergencies
- Ovarian Cancer
- Paraneoplastic Syndromes
- Prostate Cancer
- Rehabilitation: Applying the Rehabilitation Process to Cancer Management
- Sarcomas of Soft Tissue and Bone
- Support Systems
- Testicular Cancer
- Thoracic Neoplasms

**Psychiatry**

- Approach to the Patient with Acute Psychosis
- Alcohol Abuse
- Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder
- Bipolar Disorder
- Depression
- Drug Abuse
- Generalized Anxiety Disorder
- Obsessive-Compulsive Disorder
- Panic Disorder
- Personality Disorders
- Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder
- Premenstrual Syndrome and Premenstrual Dysphoric Disorder
- Schizophrenia
- Smoking Cessation
- Social Phobia
- Specific Phobia

**Pulmonary and Critical Care Medicine**

- Acute Respiratory Failure
- Approach to the Patient with Chronic Cough
- Approach to the Patient with Hemoptysis
- Approach to the Patient with Dyspnea
- Approach to the Patient with Interstitial Lung Disease
- Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease
- Cystic Fibrosis
- Diseases of the Pleura
- Disorders of the Control of Breathing
- Occupational and Environmental Lung Disease
- Mediastinal Diseases
- Neoplasms of the Lung
- Sarcoidosis

**Rheumatology**

- Arthritis Associated with Hematologic Disease, Sarcoidosis, or Storage Disorder
- Arthritis Associated with Skin Disease
- Back and Neck Pain
- Diagnostic Tests in Rheumatic Disease
- Endocrine and Metabolic Arthropathies
- Fibromyalgia and Related Syndromes
- Hip Fracture in the Elderly Patient
- Infectious Arthritis and Bursitis
- Metabolic Bone Diseases
- Miscellaneous Arthritic Syndromes
- Monarthritis Syndromes
- Osteoarthritis and Related Diseases
- Polymyositis and Dermatomyositis
- Reactive and Enteropathic Arthritis
- Regional Pain Syndromes
- Rheumatoid Arthritis
- Rheumatology and Sports Medicine
- Sclerosing Syndromes
- Systemic Lupus Erythematosus
- Systemic Necrotizing Vasculitides

**DISEASEDEX™**

# General Medicine Title List

A primary source for disease education, DISEASEDEX™ General Medicine provides evidence-based, unbiased information about disease states, treatment guidelines, and standards of care. The following topic areas and titles are covered.

**Allergy and Immunology**

- Allergic Bronchopulmonary Aspergillosis
- Allergic Disorders of the Eye
- Allergic Reactions to Insect and Arthropod Bites and Stings
- Anaphylaxis and Anaphylactoid Reactions
- Approach to the Patient with a Suspected Allergic Drug Reaction
- Approach to a Patient with Rhinitis
- Asthma
- Common Variable Hypogammaglobulinemia and Other Humoral Immune Deficiencies
- Complement Deficiency Syndromes
- Hypersensitivity Pneumonitis
- Immunotherapy and Immunomodulation
- Occupational Respiratory Allergy
- Otitis Media
- Urticaria and Angioedema
- Vasculitis and Immune Complex Disease

**Cardiology**

- Aortic Valve Disease
- Approach to the Patient with a Cardiac Murmur
- Approach to the Patient with Chest Pain
- Approach to the Patient with Congestive Heart Failure
- Approach to the Patient with Hyperlipidemia
- Approach to the Adult Patient with Supraventricular Tachycardia
- Atrial Fibrillation
- Chronic Ischemic Heart Disease
- Deep Venous Thrombosis
- Heart Block
- Hypertension
- Hypertrophic Cardiomyopathy
- Infectious Endocarditis
- Mitral Valve Disease
- Pericarditis
- Pulmonary Embolism
- Pulmonary Hypertension

- Risk Factors for and Prevention of Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease
- ST-Elevation/Q-Wave Myocardial Infarction
- Syncope
- Unstable Angina and Non-ST-Elevation Myocardial Infarction

**Dermatology**

- Acne
- Approach to the Patient with Contact Dermatitis
- Approach to the Patient with Generalized Rash
- Approach to the Patient with Pigmented Lesions (Nevi and Melanoma)
- Approach to the Patient with Skin Blisters
- Atopic Dermatitis
- Common Cutaneous Tumors
- Common Viral Infections of the Skin
- Common Fungal Infections of the Skin
- Diseases of Hair
- Drug Eruptions
- Folliculitis
- Furuncle/Carbuncle
- Impetigo
- Leg Ulcers
- Mucous Membrane Disease
- Nonmelanoma Skin Cancer
- Onychomycosis
- Other Common Dermatoses
- Paronychia
- Photosensitivity
- Principles of Dermatologic Diagnosis
- Pruritus
- Psoriasis
- Skin Signs of Systemic Disease

**Endocrinology and Metabolic Disease**

- Abnormal Uterine Bleeding
- Adrenal Cortex Glucocorticoids
- Aldosteronism and Endocrine Blood Pressure Syndromes
- Anterior Pituitary
- Approach to the Patient with Amenorrhea

(continued on next page)

**DISEASEDEX General Medicine content is...**

- Searchable by disease name or synonym
- Written and peer reviewed by practicing physicians
- Available for common conditions and less commonly seen conditions
- Fully cited and referenced
- Updated quarterly

**Endocrinology and Metabolic Disease (continued)**

- Approach to the Patient with Erectile Dysfunction
- Approach to the Patient with Hirsutism
- Approach to the Patient with Thyroid Mass or Enlargement
- Benign Prostatic Hyperplasia
- Diabetes in Children (Pediatric Diabetes)
- Diabetes Mellitus in Adults
- Disorders of Serum Calcium Concentration
- Endocrine Manifestations of Cancer
- Glucocorticoid Therapy and Withdrawal
- Hyperthyroidism
- Hypothyroidism
- Male Hypogonadism
- Male Reproductive Problems
- Menopause and the Postmenopausal State
- Neuroendocrinology
- Osteoporosis
- Overweight and Obesity
- Pheochromocytoma
- Special Presentation of Endocrine Disease in the Elderly

**Gastroenterology**

- Abnormal Gastric Emptying
- Acute Pancreatitis
- Approach to the Patient with Abdominal Pain
- Approach to the Patient with an Anal Lesion
- Approach to the Patient with Constipation
- Approach to the Patient with Diarrhea
- Approach to the Patient with Dysphagia
- Approach to the Patient with Dyspepsia
- Approach to the Patient with Unexplained Weight Loss
- Carcinoma of the Esophagus
- Chronic Pancreatitis
- Diverticulitis
- Gallstones
- Gastroesophageal Reflux Disease
- Gastrointestinal Bleeding
- Gastrointestinal Disease in Patients with AIDS
- Inflammatory Bowel Disease
- Irritable Bowel Syndrome
- Management of Patients with Colorectal Polyps
- Pancreatic Cancer
- Peptic Ulcer Disease
- Small Bowel Obstruction

**Hematology**

- Approach to the Patient with Anemia
- Approach to the Patient with Leukopenia
- Approach to the Patient with Erythrocytosis
- Approach to the Patient with Lymphadenopathy
- Blood Component Therapy: Its Use and Complications
- Evaluation of Patients for a Potential Bleeding Disorder
- Hematologic Complications of Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) and Their Treatment
- Hodgkin's and Non-Hodgkin's Lymphoma
- Immune Thrombocytopenic Purpura and Other Thrombocytopenias Caused by Immunologic Platelet Destruction
- Infectious Mononucleosis
- Inherited and Acquired Coagulation Defects
- Leukemias and Myelodysplastic Syndromes
- Multiple Myeloma and Other Plasma-Cell Disorders
- Secondary Polycythemia
- Sickle Cell Anemia, Thalassemia Syndromes, and Related Hemoglobinopathies
- Suspected Hypercoagulable States (Thrombophilias)

**Hepatology**

- Acute Liver Failure
- Acute Viral Hepatitis
- Approach to the Patient with Hepatomegaly
- Ascites and Spontaneous Bacterial Peritonitis
- Autoimmune Hepatitis
- Budd-Chiari Syndrome and Other Vascular Disorders of the Liver
- Chronic Cholestatic Liver Disease in Adults
- Drug-Induced Liver Disease
- Hemochromatosis and Wilson's Disease
- Hepatic Abscesses and Granulomas
- Hepatitis B and D
- Hepatitis C
- Portal Hypertension and Bleeding Gastroesophageal Varices
- Portal-Systemic Encephalopathy
- Tumors of the Liver

**Infectious Diseases**

- Acute Bronchitis
- Adult Epiglottitis
- Approach to the Patient with Fever of Unknown Origin
- Approach to the Patient with Genital Ulcers
- Approach to the Patient with Urethritis
- Approach to the Patient with Vaginitis
- Community-Acquired Pneumonia
- Cellulitis, Erysipelas, and Necrotizing Soft-Tissue Infections
- External Genital Warts
- Herpes Zoster
- HIV: Diagnosis and Management of Antiretroviral Therapies
- HIV: Opportunistic Infections
- Lyme Disease
- Meningitis
- Osteomyelitis
- Pelvic Inflammatory Disease
- Pharyngitis and Tonsillitis
- Prostatitis
- Sinusitis
- Syphilis
- Tuberculosis
- Urinary-Tract Infections: Uncomplicated, Complicated, and Nosocomial
- Viral Encephalitis
- Viral Upper-Respiratory Infection (VURI)

**Nephrology**

- Acute and Chronic Tubulointerstitial Diseases and Infections of the Urinary Tract
- Acute Renal Failure and Vasomotor Nephropathy (Acute Tubular Necrosis)
- Approach to the Patient with Hematuria
- Approach to the Patient with Mild Chronic Renal Insufficiency
- Approach to the Patient with Secondary Hypertension
- Approach to the Patient with Urinary Incontinence
- Autosomal Dominant Polycystic Kidney Disease
- Chronic Renal Failure and End-Stage Renal Disease
- Cystic Disease of the Kidney
- Diabetic Nephropathy
- Drug Dosing Guidelines in Renal Failure
- Evaluation of the Patient with Edema
- Evaluation of the Patient with Acute Renal Insufficiency, with or without Oliguria or Anuria

- Evaluation of the Patient with Proteinuria, with or without the Nephrotic Syndrome
- Glomerular Disorders Associated with Hereditary or Congenital Disease
- Glomerular Disorders Associated with Infection
- Glomerular Disorders: Renal Involvement in Systemic Lupus Erythematosus and Systemic Polyangiitis
- Hyperkalemia and Hypokalemia
- Metabolic Acidosis
- Metabolic Alkalosis
- Mixed Acid-Base Disorders
- Obstructive Uropathy
- Pregnancy and the Kidney
- Primary Glomerular Disorders
- Progressive Renal Disease: Mechanisms, Assessment, and Treatment
- Renal Disease in the Elderly
- Sodium and Water
- Thromboembolism to the Kidney and Atheroembolic Disease
- Thrombotic Microangiopathies: Hemolytic Uremic Syndrome and Thrombotic Thrombocytopenic Purpura
- Acute and Chronic Tubulointerstitial Diseases and Infections of the Urinary Tract
- Urolithiasis

**Neurology**

- Approach to the Patient with Acute Nervous-System Trauma
- Approach to the Patient with an Altered Level of Consciousness
- Approach to the Patient with Asymptomatic Carotid Bruit
- Approach to the Patient with Dizziness or Vertigo
- Approach to the Patient with Headache
- Approach to the Patient with Peripheral Neuropathy
- Approach to the Patient with Seizures
- Approach to the Patient with a Sleep Disorder
- Approach to the Patient with Tremor
- Dementia
- Multiple Sclerosis
- Nontraumatic Subarachnoid Hemorrhage
- Parkinson's Disease
- Stroke and Transient Ischemic Attack